



RELIGION AND LIFE

General course

Year 12 syllabus for teaching from 2027

Acknowledgement of Country

Kaya. The School Curriculum and Standards Authority (the Authority) acknowledges that our offices are on Whadjuk Noongar boodjar and that we deliver our services on the country of many traditional custodians and language groups throughout Western Australia. The Authority acknowledges the traditional custodians throughout Western Australia and their continuing connection to land, waters and community. We offer our respect to Elders past and present.

Important information

As part of the Western Australian Certificate of Education (WACE) Refreshment, the School Curriculum and Standards Authority (the Authority) has revised the course rationale and aims, and updated the General Capabilities to create clearer connections with the syllabus content.

This syllabus is effective from 1 January 2027.

Users of this syllabus are responsible for checking its currency.

Syllabuses are formally reviewed by the Authority on a cyclical basis, typically every five years.

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Rationale

The Religion and Life General course provides students with opportunities to learn about religion and explores ways in which religion interacts with people and their communities.

In this course, students can expect to study one or more religions, exploring their characteristics, ways of life, foundation and development. Through the development and use of course skills, students examine the nature and influence of religion. They consider the role religion plays in human affairs and explore issues of concern to religion.

Students develop vital research skills and learn how to investigate a range of primary and secondary sources, enabling them to cultivate and communicate an informed understanding of the role religion plays in society. Additionally, students refine their ability to identify, discuss and reflect on different viewpoints about religion and its place in the lives of people and society.

The course develops the knowledge and skills necessary to enable students to engage thoughtfully with religious and cultural diversity within their communities. Students gain an understanding of how religion influences individuals and societies allowing them to participate in discussions on ethical and social issues with greater awareness and sensitivity.

The study of the Religion and Life General course is valuable for careers that require an understanding of cultural diversity, ethics and social engagement such as community development, teaching, journalism and advocacy.

Aims

The Religion and Life General course aims to develop students' ability to:

- understand the role religion plays in the lives of people
- understand the role religion plays in society
- use religious inquiry skills to investigate, analyse and communicate an informed understanding of issues and ideas associated with religion and life.

Organisation

This course is organised into a Year 11 syllabus and a Year 12 syllabus. The cognitive complexity of the syllabus content increases from Year 11 to Year 12.

Structure of the syllabus

The Year 12 syllabus is divided into two units which are delivered as a pair. The notional time for the pair of units is 110 class contact hours.

Unit 3

The focus of this unit is the role religion plays in the lives of people. It explores how people interact with and respond to religion. Students consolidate the skills required for conducting an inquiry, processing information and communicating findings about religion and life.

Unit 4

The focus for this unit is the interplay between religion and life. Students explore how religion responds to and interacts with issues that arise within society. They further develop research skills for conducting an inquiry, processing information and communicating findings about the interplay between religion and life.

Each unit includes:

- a unit description – a short description of the focus of the unit
- unit content – the content to be taught and learned.

Organisation of content

The course content is divided into three content areas:

- The nature of religion
- The influence of religion
- Religious inquiry and learning skills.

The nature of religion

The search for meaning

People search for and find meaning in life in many different ways. In response to the search for meaning, many people find answers in religion and choose to follow a particular religious way of life. How a person interacts with religion is shaped by the context of their life, both social and personal. There are many examples of people who illustrate the role religion plays in a person's search for meaning in life.

Religious belief, teaching and practice

Within each religion, as well as across religions, there is complexity and diversity. In general terms, a religion is a system of beliefs and practices that guides how people live. Each religion offers particular insights and understandings about life.

These find expression in a variety of religious beliefs, teachings and practices. Followers of each religion also come together to express aspects of their religion through worship, celebrations, rituals,

and by observing special events and seasons. Religious leaders and/or structures play an important role in developing and supporting the expression of religious beliefs, teachings and practices.

The influence of religion

The place of religion in society

Religious traditions interact with specific cultures in complex and dynamic ways. These interactions influence how religion is perceived and understood within society, particularly around matters of concern to religion. In a multicultural and multi-faith society such as Australia, there is a rich diversity of religious traditions. This diversity of religious traditions reflects many aspects of religion and society throughout the world.

Religion in historical contexts

Religions are not static. They have been shaped, and continue to be shaped over time, by a dynamic interaction with particular places, times and people. Understanding the development of a particular religion is enhanced by a focus on the foundation and growth of the religion and how the religion has responded to changes in society.

Current issues for religion

All religions, in order to remain both authentic and relevant, constantly reflect on how best to respond to changing values and attitudes in society. Rapid changes in such things as technology, the media, family life, marriage and other dimensions of social life all have the potential to create issues within society that in turn become matters of concern or interest for particular religions.

Religious inquiry and learning skills

A study of religion involves the use of skills that promote:

- specific and technical language
- particular thought processes
- the capacity to think and express understandings about religion in an informed and critical manner.

Understanding the interplay between religion, society and individuals involves a capacity to conduct meaningful inquiries. Inquiry utilises a range of skills and involves a number of important and related steps:

- identifying a research focus
- gathering, processing and synthesising relevant information
- communicating effectively the findings of an inquiry.

Learning in the unit is supported by using a range of skills that focus on:

- terms and concepts
- research
- analysis and use of sources
- explanation and communication.

Representation of the General Capabilities

The General Capabilities encompass the knowledge, skills, behaviours and dispositions that will support students to live and work successfully now and into the future. They are not assessed unless identified within the specified unit content. Teachers should find opportunities to incorporate the following General Capabilities into the teaching and learning program for the Religion and Life General course.

Critical and creative thinking

Students explore the implications of ideas and information they investigate. The demands of inquiry include the ability to pose questions, interrogate, select and cross-reference sources, and develop interpretations based on evidence. Students identify possible strengths and weaknesses in their own positions and consider alternative viewpoints in their study of religion and life.

Ethical understanding

Students use ethical research practices to explore and understand how people interact with issues of concern in society for religion. Students have opportunities, both independently and collaboratively, to explore the values and beliefs that inform the actions and motivations of people and particular religions.

Intercultural understanding

Students acquire knowledge of different cultures and learn how these relate to a study of religion. They develop an understanding of how culture shapes religion and the different ways people relate to religion. They learn how to recognise, appreciate and represent different ways of life and cultures that exist in the contemporary world.

Literacy

Students select and use content relevant to a study of religion and life from a variety of print, oral, visual, spatial and digital forms. They learn to interpret and build meaning from a variety of sources. They identify relevant evidence by analysing texts for authority, reliability, relevance and accuracy. Students create a range of texts to communicate and explain a point of view about issues and ideas concerning religion and life. By employing text structure and language knowledge, students express their thoughts and ideas logically and clearly, supported by evidence. They learn to monitor their own language use for accuracy in the use of religious terms, clarity of explanations, and use appropriate language to express a position.

Numeracy

Students recognise and represent patterns and relationships, chronologically and spatially, through the numerical use of scaled timelines, tables, graphs and maps when analysing and communicating the role of religion and its place in the world. They support their views with data, some of which is numerical in nature. Students develop their numeracy capability when they analyse, interpret and draw conclusions from statistical information about religion and life.

Personal and social capability

Students develop and practise skills that enhance their ability to effectively communicate their viewpoint to others. They work both collaboratively and independently as part of their learning and when conducting research. When exploring how individuals and communities interact on matters related to, and important to, a study of religion, students develop increasing social awareness and their ability to appreciate the perspectives and experiences of others.

Addressing the other General Capabilities

Although the following General Capability has not been identified as a focus in the Religion and Life General Year 12 syllabus, teachers may find opportunities to incorporate these capabilities into the teaching and learning program.

- Digital literacy

Such opportunities may occur through the application of different contexts, pedagogical practices and/or assessment strategies that relate to the syllabus as part of the teaching and learning program.

Summary representation of the General Capabilities in the Religion and Life General course

The unit content and assessment types for this course provide students with the opportunity to develop the General Capabilities summarised in the table below.

Year	Course	Course type	General Capabilities						
			CCT	DL	EU	IU	L	N	PSC
Year 11	Religion and Life (GEREL)	General	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Year 12	Religion and Life (GTREL)	General	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

Key

CCT: Critical and creative thinking, DL: Digital literacy, EU: Ethical understanding, IU: Intercultural understanding, L: Literacy, N: Numeracy, PSC: Personal and social capability

Representation of the Cross-curriculum Priorities

The Cross-curriculum Priorities address the contemporary issues that students face in a globalised world. Teachers may find opportunities to incorporate the priorities into the teaching and learning program for the Religion and Life General course. The Cross-curriculum Priorities are not assessed unless they are identified within the specified unit content.

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander histories and cultures

The rationale for the course requires students to focus on at least one religion in their study. A religion, as understood within this course, can include Aboriginal spiritualities. The interaction of Aboriginals and Torres Strait Islanders with particular religions can also be examined. Exploring aspects of the past or present context of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples offers opportunities for developing an understanding of the place of religion in Australian society or issues that exist within society, including the dichotomy between Aboriginal spirituality and introduced religions.

Asia and Australia's engagement with Asia

Much of what is understood about religion and particular religions originates in the history and culture of Asia. A study of the interplay between religion and life will therefore naturally explore the history and culture of Asia, in all its diversity, and Australia's engagement with Asia. Opportunities exist to explore particular religious traditions that arose and grew within the Asia region; how religion has interacted with this region over time; and the nature of past and ongoing links between Australia and Asia involving religion. Students develop the knowledge, understanding and skills which make it possible for them to engage actively and effectively with peoples from the Asia region, particularly in terms of how peoples of the Asia region relate to religion.

Sustainability

Each religion has insights, beliefs and practices that have the potential to impact upon how people respond to issues of sustainability. These beliefs play an important role in shaping how people understand and interact with the world in which they live. Religions also contribute to how people understand and interact with the promotion of healthy social, economic and ecological patterns of living for our collective wellbeing and survival. The study of the Religion and Life General course engages with a diversity of world views, including those on ecosystems. It informs the values of people and the views they hold about social justice and how these values and views relate to sustainability. In promoting inquiry skills, the Religion and Life General course helps build the capacity of students to think and act in ways that are necessary to create a more sustainable future. These skills promote reflective thinking processes and empower young people to be active participants in society.

Unit 3

Unit description

The focus of this unit is the role religion plays in the lives of people. It explores how people interact with and respond to religion. Students conduct research and consolidate the skills required for processing information and communicating findings about religion and life.

Unit content

An understanding of the Year 11 content is assumed knowledge for students in Year 12. It is recommended that students studying Unit 3 and Unit 4 have completed Unit 1 and Unit 2.

This unit includes the knowledge, understandings and skills described below.

The nature of religion

The search for meaning

- the relationship between important life events and the search for meaning and purpose
- different ways people choose to follow a religious way of life

Religious belief, teaching and practice

- how a religious belief or teaching can play a role in the lives of people and/or society
- an overview of a religion's structure and/or leadership

The influence of religion

The place of religion in society

- how individuals or groups respond to the presence of religion in a society

Religion in historical contexts

- an overview of an important event or issue in the history of a religion

Current issues for religion

- the key features of a current issue in society to which a religion seeks to respond
- the response of a religion to a current issue in society

Religious inquiry and learning skills

Terms and concepts

- use correct religious terms and concepts

Research

- develop and follow a research plan when conducting an inquiry
- identify, locate and organise relevant information from relevant sources
- practise ethical scholarship when conducting research

Analysis and use of sources

- identify the origin, purpose and context of particular sources
- identify different points of view
- identify and use evidence from different types of sources to support a point of view
- evaluate the usefulness of different sources

Explanation and communication

- develop texts that accurately use evidence to explain, support or refute arguments
- communicate ideas or understandings suitable for a set purpose and audience
- use basic referencing techniques accurately and consistently

Unit 4

Unit description

The focus of this unit is religious identity. It examines in more detail the influence of religion on people and how religious people interact with society. Students conduct research and consolidate the skills required for processing information and communicating findings about religion and life.

Unit content

This unit builds on the content covered in Unit 3.

This unit includes the knowledge, understandings and skills described below.

The nature of religion

The search for meaning

- examples of how the lives of people are influenced and shaped by religion
- how religion plays a part in the life of a significant religious person, past or present

Religious belief, teaching and practice

- how a religious practice, ritual, celebration or event can play a role in the lives of people
- an example of the role religious leaders and/or structures play in developing or supporting the expression of a religious belief, teaching or practice

The influence of religion

The place of religion in society

- reasons for and against the involvement of religion in society

Religion in historical contexts

- how a religion interacted with an important event or issue from the past

Current issues for religion

- a comparison of societal and religious views on a current issue in society
- why a religion responds in a particular way to a current social issue

Religious inquiry and learning skills

Terms and concepts

- use correct religious terms and concepts

Research

- develop and follow a research plan when conducting an inquiry
- identify, locate and organise relevant information from relevant sources
- practise ethical scholarship when conducting research

Analysis and use of sources

- identify the origin, purpose and context of particular sources
- identify different points of view
- identify and use evidence from different types of sources to support a point of view
- evaluate the usefulness of different sources

Explanation and communication

- develop texts that accurately use evidence to explain, support or refute arguments
- communicate ideas or understandings suitable for a set purpose and audience
- use basic referencing techniques accurately and consistently

School-based assessment

The *Western Australian Certificate of Education (WACE) Manual* contains essential information on principles, policies and procedures for school-based assessment that needs to be read in conjunction with this syllabus.

Teachers design school-based assessment tasks to meet the needs of students. The table below provides details of the assessment types for the Religion and Life General Year 12 syllabus and the weighting for each assessment type.

Assessment table – Year 12

Type of assessment	Weighting
Investigation Students use religious inquiry and learning skills to plan, conduct and communicate the results of an inquiry. Research formats can include: written reports, oral presentations or multimedia presentations or a combination of these.	25%
Explanation The format for an explanation task can be: multiple choice questions, short answers, structured short written responses, extended writing, such as reports and essays, oral and/or multimedia presentations, including speeches, and/or seminar presentations.	30%
Source analysis Students respond to questions based on one or more sources. Sources can include: religious teachings and practices (extracts from stories, sacred texts and writings, oral traditions, speeches, symbols, artwork, rituals); newspapers (extracts from reportage, analysis, editorials, letters, opinion columns, cartoons); radio, television, video and film (news, current affairs, documentaries, dramas, comedy); and/or websites. The format for source analysis can include: short answers, structured short written responses and/or extended written answers.	30%
Externally set task A written task or item or set of items of 50 minutes duration developed by the School Curriculum and Standards Authority and administered by the school.	15%

Teachers are required to use the assessment table to develop an assessment outline for the pair of units.

The assessment outline must:

- include a set of assessment tasks
- include a general description of each task
- indicate the unit content to be assessed
- indicate a weighting for each task and each assessment type
- include the approximate timing of each task (for example, the week the task is conducted, or the issue and submission dates for an extended task).

In the assessment outline for the pair of units, each assessment type must be included at least once over the year/pair of units. The externally set task occurs in Term 2.

The set of assessment tasks must provide a representative sampling of the content for Unit 3 and Unit 4.

At least two explanation tasks and two source analysis tasks should be completed in class under test conditions.

Assessment tasks not administered under test/controlled conditions require appropriate validation/authentication processes.

Externally set task

All students enrolled in the Religion and Life General Year 12 course will complete the externally set task developed by the Authority. Schools are required to administer this task in Term 2 at a time prescribed by the Authority.

Externally set task design brief – Year 12

Time	50 minutes
Format	Written
	Conducted under invigilated conditions
	Typically between two and five questions
	Questions can require students to refer to source material which can include: extracts from religious manuscripts, news media and/or journal articles. Materials can be in the form of text, images, graphs and/or cartoons
Content	The Authority informs schools during Term 3 of the previous year of the Unit 3 syllabus content on which the task will be based

Refer to the *WACE Manual* for further information.

Grading

Schools report student achievement in terms of the following grades:

Grade	Interpretation
A	Excellent achievement
B	High achievement
C	Satisfactory achievement
D	Limited achievement
E	Very low achievement

The teacher prepares a ranked list and assigns the student a grade for the pair of units. The grade is based on the student's overall performance as judged by reference to a set of pre-determined standards. These standards are defined by grade descriptions and annotated work samples. The grade descriptions for the Religion and Life General Year 12 syllabus are provided in Appendix 1. They can also be accessed, together with annotated work samples, through the Guide to Grades link on the course page of the Authority website at www.scsa.wa.edu.au.

To be assigned a grade, a student must have had the opportunity to complete the education program, including the assessment program (unless the school accepts that there are exceptional and justifiable circumstances).

Refer to the *WACE Manual* for further information about the use of a ranked list in the process of assigning grades.

Appendix 1 – Grade descriptions Year 12

A	Demonstrates an accurate and detailed knowledge of religion and its role in society and/or in the lives of people.
	Gathers and organises relevant information that is used effectively in a body of work and/or in support of course content.
	Develops clear explanations that use relevant supporting evidence.
	Uses relevant ideas and examples drawn from source material to support and expand upon ideas.
B	Demonstrates the use of ideas and detail important for understanding religion and its role in society and/or in the lives of people.
	Gathers information that is organised and used to support ideas and/or arguments that relate to course content.
	Provides explanations that tend to focus on important ideas and are supported by relevant detail.
	Identifies and uses suitable examples from source material; generally expands upon or shows how this material relates to set tasks.
C	Demonstrates a grasp of course ideas and detail about religion and its role in society and/or in the lives of people.
	Gathers information that relates to course content, but at times the organisation and use of this information is uncritical, biased or relies upon stereotypes.
	Provides explanations that use relevant but basic detail.
	Provides responses that rely upon content provided in source material; attempts to express how source material relates to set tasks.
D	Demonstrates a limited grasp of course ideas and detail about religion and its role in society and/or in the lives of people.
	Gathers information that tends to be irrelevant, lack adequate organisation and/or not used correctly.
	Provides explanations that lack clarity or adequate detail.
	Demonstrates minimal comprehension of source material with limited or superficial connections made.
E	Does not meet the requirements of a D grade and/or has completed insufficient assessment tasks to be assigned a higher grade.

