# SAMPLE COURSE OUTLINE

PUNJABI: BACKGROUND LANGUAGE

**ATAR YEAR 11** 

#### **Acknowledgement of Country**

Kaya. The School Curriculum and Standards Authority (the Authority) acknowledges that our offices are on Whadjuk Noongar boodjar and that we deliver our services on the country of many traditional custodians and language groups throughout Western Australia. The Authority acknowledges the traditional custodians throughout Western Australia and their continuing connection to land, waters and community. We offer our respect to Elders past and present.

#### Copyright

© School Curriculum and Standards Authority, 2023.

This document – apart from any third-party copyright material contained in it – may be freely copied, or communicated on an intranet, for non-commercial purposes in educational institutions, provided that the School Curriculum and Standards Authority is acknowledged as the copyright owner, and that the Authority's moral rights are not infringed.

Copying or communication for any other purpose can be done only within the terms of the *Copyright Act 1968* or with prior written permission of the School Curriculum and Standards Authority. Copying or communication of any third-party copyright material can be done only within the terms of the *Copyright Act 1968* or with permission of the copyright owners.

Any content in this document that has been derived from the Australian Curriculum may be used under the terms of the <u>Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International licence.</u>

#### Disclaimer

Any resources such as texts, websites and so on that may be referred to in this document are provided as examples of resources that teachers can use to support their learning programs. Their inclusion does not imply that they are mandatory or that they are the only resources relevant to the course. Teachers must exercise their professional judgement as to the appropriateness of any they may wish to use.

## Sample course outline

## Punjabi: Background Language – ATAR Year 11

#### Unit 1 – Semester 1

Week	Key teaching points
	Introduction Overview of the Punjabi: Background Language course, unit and assessment requirements.
	<ul> <li>Perspectives and topics</li> <li>Provide opportunities for learning and assessment on the following context and topic:</li> <li>Personal – Young people and their relationships. Students explore their relationships with family and their connections with friends.</li> </ul>
	Text types and styles of writing Text types
1–5	Provide opportunities for students to respond to and/or produce the following text types:  account article blog post conversation description discussion email interview journal entry letter message note role play script – interview song speech.
	Styles of writing  Provide opportunities for students to respond to and produce the following styles of writing:  • personal  • persuasive.
	Linguistic resources Provide opportunities for students to acquire and use the following resources:
	<ul> <li>Vocabulary</li> <li>introduce new vocabulary, phrases and expressions through texts used related to the topic, Young people and their relationships.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Grammar</li> <li>adjectives – genitive pronoun as an adjective</li> <li>conjugation – gender and number</li> <li>mood – negative imperative†</li> <li>participles – imperfect</li> <li>particles – negative</li> <li>phrases – nominal phrases with apposition</li> <li>sentence types – parts (subject + predicate)</li> <li>tenses – future perfect</li> </ul>

Week	Key teaching points
	<ul> <li>verbs – root, infinitive</li> <li>words – compound, position of letter ਹ in the word.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Sound and writing systems</li> <li>Students show understanding and apply knowledge of the Punjabi sound and writing systems to communicate information, ideas and opinions effectively in a variety of situations. They demonstrate an understanding of difference between voiced and voiceless stops; aspirated and unaspirated stops; and dental and retroflex sounds.</li> </ul>
	Intercultural understandings Provide opportunities for students to further develop their linguistic and intercultural competence, and enable them to reflect on the ways in which culture influences communication:
	<ul> <li>culture of living in a joint/undivided family, and connections with the extended and distant family</li> <li>maintaining formal and informal relationships with friends</li> <li>use of the word ji to show respect to all elders and sometimes to younger people</li> <li>family and social customs when visiting someone or hosting a guest.</li> </ul>
	Language learning and communication strategies  Provide opportunities for students to practise the following strategies:  connect with a native speaker of the language  learn vocabulary and set phrases in context  make connections with prior learning  reflect on cultural meanings, including register and tone  use synonyms for variety in the sentences and conjunctions to link sentences  use cohesive devices, apply register and grammar, and use repair strategies to practise the language.
	<ul> <li>Dictionaries</li> <li>develop the necessary skills to use monolingual and/or bilingual printed dictionaries effectively.</li> </ul>
	Assessment Task 1: Oral communication Participate in 8–10 minute conversation in Punjabi.
	Perspectives and topics Provide opportunities for learning and assessment on the following context and topic: Community – Traditions and values in a contemporary society. Students investigate how the traditions and values of Punjabi-speaking communities are maintained.
	Text types and styles of writing  Text types  Provide opportunities for students to respond to and/or produce the following text types:  • account
6–10	<ul> <li>comic strip</li> <li>description</li> <li>discussion</li> <li>image</li> <li>interview</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>letter</li> <li>poem</li> <li>review</li> <li>script – speech</li> </ul>
	• song.

Week	Key teaching points
	Styles of writing Provide opportunities for students to respond t, and produce the following styles of writing:  • persuasive • descriptive.
	Linguistic resources Provide opportunities for students to acquire and use the following resources:
	<ul> <li>Vocabulary</li> <li>introduce new vocabulary, phrases and expressions through texts used related to the topic, Traditions and values in a contemporary society.</li> </ul>
	Grammar  • adjectives – inflected • adverbs – affirmative† • conjugation – irregular perfective participle • mood – conditional • nouns – nouns to abstract nouns • participles – infinite • particles – vocative • phrases – nominal phrases with connectives ਤੇ/ਅਤੇ and ਜਾਂ • postpositions – ਸੰਧੀ postpositions • verbs – irregular, verb ਹੋਣਾ (to be)
	• voice – abstract.
	<ul> <li>Sound and writing systems</li> <li>Students show understanding and apply knowledge of the Punjabi sound and writing systems to communicate information, ideas and opinions effectively in a variety of situations. They demonstrate an understanding of difference between voiced and voiceless stops; aspirated and unaspirated stops; and dental and retroflex sounds.</li> </ul>
	Intercultural understandings Provide opportunities for students to further develop their linguistic and intercultural competence, and enable them to reflect on the ways in which culture influences communication:  understanding how different customs are maintained in the Punjabi-speaking communities  celebrating festivals according to their importance in community life  maintaining family values in daily life.
	Language learning and communication strategies  Provide opportunities for students to practise the following strategies:  learn vocabulary and set phrases in context  work out meaning of familiar and unfamiliar language by applying rules  scan texts, highlight key words and select appropriate information  recognise the attitude, purpose and intention of a text  reflect on cultural meanings, including register and tone  proofread text once written  use oral clues to predict and help with interpreting meaning  use cohesive devices, apply register and grammar, and use repair strategies to practise the language.

Week	Key teaching points
	<ul> <li>Dictionaries</li> <li>develop the necessary skills to use monolingual and/or bilingual printed dictionaries effectively.</li> </ul>
	Assessment Task 2: Responding to texts Listen to, read and view texts in Punjabi and respond in English and/or Punjabi, as specified, to questions in Punjabi or English.
	Perspectives and topics Provide opportunities for learning and assessment on the following context and topic: Global – Our changing environment. Students examine global environmental issues.
	Text types Provide opportunities for students to respond to and/or produce the following text types:  account  advertisement  article  blog post  discussion  email  infographic  journal entry  plan  presentation  speech  summary.  Styles of writing Provide opportunities for students to respond to and produce the following styles of writing:
11–15	<ul> <li>persuasive</li> <li>descriptive.</li> </ul> Linguistic resources
	<ul> <li>Provide opportunities for students to acquire and use the following resources:</li> <li>Vocabulary</li> <li>introduce new vocabulary, phrases and expressions through texts used related to the topic, Our changing environment.</li> </ul>
	• adjectives – numeral and fractional • adverbs – simple • conjunctions – correlative • mood – imperative, subjunctive presumptive • nouns – abstract nouns to verbs • participles – adverbial • particles – emphatic • sentence types – complex • tenses – future conditional, present conditional • verbs – regular • words – word ᢃ as connective, emphatic particle and postposition.
	<ul> <li>Sound and writing systems</li> <li>Students show understanding and apply knowledge of the Punjabi sound and writing systems to communicate information effectively, ideas and opinions in a variety of</li> </ul>

Week	Key teaching points
	situations. They demonstrate an understanding of difference between voiced and voiceless stops; aspirated and unaspirated stops; and dental and retroflex sounds.
	Intercultural understandings Provide opportunities for students to further develop their linguistic and intercultural competence, and enable them to reflect on the ways in which culture influences communication:  • exploring initiatives that encourage young global citizens to respect nature and use natural resources wisely  • the growth of ecotourism  • comparing approaches to taking care of the environment in Punjabi culture and other cultures  • participating in community-based clean up campaigns, to conserve the local environment.
	Language learning and communication strategies  Provide opportunities for students to practise the following strategies:  use information in a text to draw conclusions  manipulate known elements in a new context to create meaning in written forms  structure an argument and express ideas and opinions  use synonyms for variety in the sentences and conjunctions to link sentences  evaluate and redraft written texts to enhance meaning.
	<ul> <li>Dictionaries</li> <li>develop the necessary skills to use monolingual and/or bilingual printed dictionaries effectively.</li> </ul>
	Assessment Task 3: written communication Write an article of approximately 160 words in Punjabi.
16	Review structure of the practical (oral) and written examinations for Semester 1.  Prepare for the practical (oral) and written examinations.  Assessment Task 4 (a): Practical (oral) examination  Assessment Task 4 (b): Written examination

## Sample course outline

## Punjabi: Second Language – ATAR Year 11

Unit 2 – Semester 2

Week	Key teaching points
1–5	<ul> <li>Introduction</li> <li>Overview of the Punjabi: Background Language course, unit and assessment requirements.</li> <li>Perspectives and topics</li> <li>Provide opportunities for learning and assessment on the following context and topic:</li> <li>Personal – Pressures in today's society. Students explore a range of personal and social pressures and the relevance of these in their own lives.</li> </ul>
	Text types Provide opportunities for students to respond to and/or produce the following text types:  account  article  conversation  discussion  email  interview  journal entry  letter  message  poem  script – dialogue  Speech.
	Styles of writing  Provide opportunities for students to respond to and produce the following styles of writing:  • persuasive  • reflective.
	Linguistic resources Provide opportunities for students to acquire and use the following resources:  Vocabulary  • introduce new vocabulary, phrases and expressions through texts related to the topic, Pressures in today's society.
	Grammar  adjectives – numeral (indefinite)  adverbs – doubt†  clauses – relative  conjugation – imperfect participle  mood – subjunctive contingent  nouns – verbs to abstract nouns  participles – perfect  phrases – postpositional  sentences – subject and subject modifier  tenses – past conditional  verbs – conjunct.

Week	Key teaching points
	<ul> <li>Sound and writing systems</li> <li>Students show understanding and apply knowledge of the Punjabi sound and writing systems to communicate information effectively, ideas and opinions in a variety of situations. They demonstrate an understanding of difference between voiced and voiceless stops; aspirated and unaspirated stops; and dental and retroflex sounds.</li> </ul>
	Intercultural understandings Provide opportunities for students to further develop their linguistic and intercultural competence, and enable them to reflect on the ways in which culture influences communication:  • self-awareness and developing moral values  • understanding the different roles of family members  • peer and social pressures among the young  • the pressure of conforming to family expectations.
	Language learning and communication strategies  Provide opportunities for students to practise the following strategies:  work out meaning of familiar and unfamiliar language meaning by applying rules  evaluate and redraft written texts to enhance meaning  organise and maintain coherence of the written text  read a question and determine the topic, audience, purpose, text type and style of writing  structure an argument and express ideas and opinions  manipulate known elements in a new context to create meaning in written forms  use synonyms for variety in the sentences and conjunctions to link sentences.
	<ul> <li>Dictionaries</li> <li>develop the necessary skills to use monolingual and/or bilingual printed dictionaries effectively.</li> </ul> Assessment Task 5: Written communication
	Write a letter of approximately 220 words in Punjabi.
	Perspectives and topics  Provide opportunities for learning and assessment on the following context and topic:  • Community – Punjabi identity in the Australian context. Students investigate the place of Punjabi-speaking communities in Australia through migration experiences.
6–10	Text types Provide opportunities for students to respond to and/or produce the following text types:  account  article  blog post  comic strip  conversation  description  discussion  image  interview  poem
	<ul> <li>presentation</li> <li>review</li> <li>role play</li> <li>song</li> <li>summary.</li> </ul>

Week	Key teaching points
	Styles of writing Provide opportunities for students to respond to and produce the following styles of writing:  • informative • reflective.
	Linguistic resources Provide opportunities for students to acquire and use the following resources:
	<ul> <li>Vocabulary</li> <li>introduce new vocabulary, phrases and expressions through texts used related to the place of Punjabi-speaking communities in Australia through migration experiences.</li> </ul>
	Grammar  adjectives – uninflected, numeral (distributive)  conjugation – regular perfect participle  mood – indicative  nouns – noun to nouns  particles – adverbial  phrases – nominal  sentences – object and object modifier  tenses – past perfect  verbs – ditransitive  words – compound (similar adjectives, exocentric - idiom phrases).
	<ul> <li>Sound and writing systems</li> <li>Students show understanding and apply knowledge of the Punjabi sound and writing systems to communicate information effectively, ideas and opinions in a variety of situations. They demonstrate an understanding of difference between voiced and voiceless stops; aspirated and unaspirated stops; and dental and retroflex sounds.</li> </ul>
	Intercultural understandings Provide opportunities for students to further develop their linguistic and intercultural competence, and enable them to reflect on the ways in which culture influences communication:  • the contribution of the Punjabi-speaking communities to the Australian community • maintaining bicultural identity • Punjabi migration history and personal migration stories and experiences of Punjabi speakers
	maintaining the custom of giving back to the community.
	Language learning and communication strategies  Provide opportunities for students to practise the following strategies:  Iisten and determine essential information from key words  work out meaning of familiar and unfamiliar language by applying rules  make links between English and Punjabi texts  analyse and evaluate information and ideas  scan texts, highlight key words and select appropriate information  recognise the attitude, purpose and intention of a text  use information in a text to draw conclusions  summarise text in own words or re-organise and re-present the information  reflect on cultural meanings, including register and tone.
	<ul> <li>Dictionaries</li> <li>develop the necessary skills to use monolingual and/or bilingual printed dictionaries effectively.</li> </ul>

Week	Key teaching points
	Assessment Task 6: Responding to texts  Listen to, read and view texts in Punjabi and respond in English and/or Punjabi as specified, to questions in Punjabi or English
	Perspectives and topics  Provide opportunities for learning and assessment on the following context and topic:  Global – Media and communication. Students examine the media and new technologies and their impact on society.
11–15	Text types Provide opportunities for students to respond to and/or produce the following text types:  account  advertisement  announcement  article  blog post  description  discussion  email  image  plan  presentation  review  summary.  Styles of writing Provide opportunities for students to respond to and produce the following styles of writing:  informative  persuasive.
	Linguistic resources Provide opportunities for students to acquire and use the following resources:
	<ul> <li>Vocabulary</li> <li>introduce new vocabulary, phrases and expressions through texts used related to the topic, Media and communication.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Grammar</li> <li>adjectives – numeral (totality)</li> <li>adverbs – interrogative</li> <li>clauses – dependent and independent</li> <li>conjunctions – adverbial</li> <li>participles – compound</li> <li>postpositions – compound</li> <li>tenses – present perfect continuous</li> <li>verbs – copulative</li> <li>voice – passive.</li> <li>Sound and writing systems</li> <li>Students show understanding and apply knowledge of the Punjabi sound and writing systems to communicate information effectively, ideas and opinions in a variety of situations. They demonstrate an understanding of difference between voiced and voiceless stops; aspirated and unaspirated stops; and dental and retroflex sounds.</li> </ul>

Week	Key teaching points
	Intercultural understandings Provide opportunities for students to further develop their linguistic and intercultural competence, and enable them to reflect on the ways in which culture influences communication:  • importance of digital literacy in education and the workplace  • role of media in contemporary society  • impact of the new technologies and the importance of ethics  • influence of social media.
	<ul> <li>Language learning and communication strategies</li> <li>Provide opportunities for students to practise the following strategies:</li> <li>practise speaking in the language</li> <li>use oral clues to predict and help with interpreting meaning</li> <li>ask for clarification and repetition to assist understanding</li> <li>manipulate known elements in a new context to create meaning in spoken forms</li> <li>structure an argument and express ideas and opinions</li> <li>use cohesive devices, apply register and grammar and use repair strategies to practise the language.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Dictionaries</li> <li>develop the necessary skills to use monolingual and/or bilingual printed dictionaries effectively.</li> </ul>
	Assessment Task 7: Oral communication Participate in a 10–12 minute conversation in Punjabi.
16	Review structure of the practical (oral) and written examinations for Semester 2.  Prepare for the practical (oral) and written examinations.  Assessment Task 8 (a): Practical (oral) examination  Assessment Task 8 (b): Written examination