



PHYSICAL EDUCATION STUDIES

Practical (performance) examination 2016

Touch Football

Marking Key

Marking keys are an explicit statement about what the examiner expects of candidates when they respond to a question. They are essential to fair assessment because their proper construction underpins reliability and validity.

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Time allocated

Warm-up:	30 minutes
Skills and Drills:	75 minutes

Materials required

To be provided at the venue Non-personal equipment required for Touch Football

To be provided by the candidate

Non-marking athletic shoes

Structure of the examination

The Physical Education Studies examination comprises a written examination worth 70% of the total examination score and a practical (performance) examination worth 30% of the total examination score.

Structure of this practical (performance) examination

Sections and criteria	Marks available	Percentage of total exam
Individual skills		
Skill 1: Lateral pass	6	
Skill 2: Spiral pass	6	4 5
Skill 3: Dummy pass	6	15
Skill 4: Evading side step	6	
Skill 5: Scoring a touch down	6	
Conditioned performance 20		15
	Total	30

Instructions to candidates

- 1. You are required to wear clothing and personal playing and safety equipment that is approved for competition by the sport's governing body.
- 2. Clothing must not identify you, your school, club or achievements, and it is requested that you wear black, navy or white shirts for the examination.
- 3. You are required to report to a supervisor to register for the practical examination 30 minutes before your scheduled examination time.
- 4. Once your attendance has been recorded you will be given a coloured, numbered bib to wear for the examination and directed to a supervised warm up area.
- 5. Just prior to the scheduled examination time you will be escorted from the warm up area to the examination area.

Skill Descriptors

Markers will typically assess skill from a holistic view rather than by focussing on a detailed anatomy of its parts. The following points may be useful to guide Physical Education Studies practical (performance) examination markers in what to look for when marking each skill.

What is Motor Skill?

Motor skill may be defined as the execution of a goal directed action with efficiency, speed, power and accuracy. In Physical Education Studies we are looking mainly for efficiency and accuracy in a smooth coordinated movement. Skills should be performed at a rate that is close to 'game pressure'.

Descriptors of skill

In most sport skills, there are three distinct phases i.e. preparation, execution and completion, and a desired movement outcome. Markers will focus on these following four aspects when marking:

- 1. Preparation Phase e.g.
 - Correct grip on implement
 - Positioning (e.g. foot behind fault line, centring in squash, making space in AFL)
 - Balanced posture during wind-up (e.g. backswing, counter-movements)
- 2. Execution Phase e.g.
 - Smooth transition (acceleration) of force from larger muscles to peripheral muscles (coordination the kinetic chain)
 - Core body control maintained (e.g. trunk, head position)
 - Action in line of movement (movement efficiency)
 - Force/power applied at appropriate time
 - Position of implement controlled throughout
 - Efficient use of energy
- 3. Completion Phase e.g.
 - After execution of action candidate regains position for next action
 - Correct follow-through in kicking, striking skills
- 4. Movement outcome e.g.
 - Action results in accurate delivery of ball/shuttle to target position, in time as intended etc. On some occasions this will be incorporated in the completion phase.

Marking

How do we translate these principles to a marking key? As each sport is so different this generic set of descriptors needs to be interpreted in terms of the physical demands as well as skill demands of each sport, its rules and general game play.

Breaking of sport specific rules

A candidate who breaks the rules of the sport, but who otherwise performs at any standard, will have one mark deducted for each rule that is consistently breached.

SECTION ONE – Skills Performance

Skill 1: Lateral pass

A. SKILL – demonstration of skills in competitive situations will be assessed taking into account the combination of four elements of an action i.e. consistency, precision, fluency and control.

B. CONTEXT – game pressure, pace, skill and intensity of opponent and team mates, playing area, environmental conditions etc. may affect performance and should be taken into account when marking.

C. KEY SKILL COMPONENTS

Preparation

- Ball is held with two hands on either side with fingers spread
- Body is balanced with the outside leg forward and the body turned towards the receiver
- Eyes are looking towards the target
- Ball is carried in front of the body

Execution

- Upper torso rotates to swing the ball across the front of the body
- Weight is transferred onto the foot closest to the target
- Velocity and angle of pass is appropriate to distance required
- Flexion of the wrists directs the ball towards the receiver

Completion

- Follow through is balanced with fingers pointed towards the receiver
- Ball travels backwards with a flat trajectory
- · Ball is received by team-mate between the shoulders and waist
- Team mate is able to run on to the ball
- Player repositions and is available for a pass

Mark	Observable key skill components described in C: Preparation, Execution, Completion, and Outcome
6	Always demonstrates the observation points
5	Almost always demonstrates the observation points
4	Demonstrates reasonable skill level more than 50% of the time
3	Demonstrates adequate skill level approximately 50% of the time
2	Demonstrates adequate skill level less than 50% of the time
1	Rarely demonstrates adequate skill level
0	Does not demonstrate minimum skill level

Skill 2: Spiral pass

A. SKILL – demonstration of skills in competitive situations will be assessed taking into account the combination of four elements of an action i.e. consistency, precision, fluency and control.

B. CONTEXT – game pressure, pace, skill and intensity of opponent and team mates, playing area, environmental conditions etc. may affect performance and should be taken into account when marking.

C. KEY SKILL COMPONENTS

Preparation

- Outside-hand is nearer to the rear of the ball whilst the inside hand is near the front
- Body is balanced with outside leg forward and body turned towards the receiver
- Eyes are looking towards the target

Execution

- Inside leg steps towards the target
- Front end of the ball is pointed slightly higher towards the receiver and swung across the front of the body with two hands
- As the ball is delivered the outside hand rotates over the ball to impart spin
- Velocity and angle of pass is appropriate to the distance required
- Wrist flexion directs ball backwards towards the receiver

Completion/Outcome

- Follow through is balanced with fingers pointing towards the receiver
- Ball travels with a flat trajectory
- Ball is received by team-mate between the shoulders and waist
- Team-mate is able to run onto the ball
- Player repositions and is available for a pass

Mark	Observable key skill components described in C: Preparation, Execution, Completion, and Outcome
6	Always demonstrates the observation points
5	Almost always demonstrates the observation points
4	Demonstrates reasonable skill level more than 50% of the time
3	Demonstrates adequate skill level approximately 50% of the time
2	Demonstrates adequate skill level less than 50% of the time
1	Rarely demonstrates adequate skill level
0	Does not demonstrate minimum skill level

Skill 3: Dummy pass

A. SKILL – demonstration of skills in competitive situations will be assessed taking into account the combination of four elements of an action i.e. consistency, precision, fluency and control.

B. CONTEXT – game pressure, pace, skill and intensity of opponent and team mates, playing area, environmental conditions etc. may affect performance and should be taken into account when marking.

C. KEY SKILL COMPONENTS

Preparation

- Ball is held with two hands on either side and with fingers spread
- Body is balanced with outside leg forward and body turned towards the receiver
- Eyes are looking towards the target and peripheral vision is used to demonstrate awareness
 of opposition
- Ball is carried in front of the body

Execution

- Ball is swung across the front of the body
- Full range of motion of the upper torso is used to achieve deception
- Arms are fully extended as if the ball is going to be passed
- Acceleration occurs as the dummy is completed

Completion / Outcome

- Ball is held firmly and returned to normal carrying position
- Opponent is successfully deceived
- Player shows awareness of further options

Mark	Observable key skill components described in C: Preparation, Execution, Completion, and Outcome
6	Always demonstrates the observation points
5	Almost always demonstrates the observation points
4	Demonstrates reasonable skill level more than 50% of the time
3	Demonstrates adequate skill level approximately 50% of the time
2	Demonstrates adequate skill level less than 50% of the time
1	Rarely demonstrates adequate skill level
0	Does not demonstrate minimum skill level

Skill 4: Evading side step

A. SKILL – demonstration of skills in competitive situations will be assessed taking into account the combination of four elements of an action i.e. consistency, precision, fluency and control.

B. CONTEXT – game pressure, pace, skill and intensity of opponent and team mates, playing area, environmental conditions etc. may affect performance and should be taken into account when marking.

C. KEY SKILL COMPONENTS

Preparation

- Balance is maintained during the run
- Control of the ball is maintained
- A slight step to the side establishes a wider base of support and forces defender to commit to a lateral movement

Execution

- Body weight is transferred towards the stepping leg
- The body feints towards the stepping side
- Knee is extended to achieve a push off the ball of the foot in the opposite direction
- Shoulders are rotated slightly away from opponent

Completion/Outcome

- Acceleration is away from the opponent at a new angle
- Defender is out of position
- Player shows awareness of further options

Mark	Observable key skill components described in C: Preparation, Execution, Completion, and Outcome
6	Always demonstrates the observation points
5	Almost always demonstrates the observation points
4	Demonstrates reasonable skill level more than 50% of the time
3	Demonstrates adequate skill level approximately 50% of the time
2	Demonstrates adequate skill level less than 50% of the time
1	Rarely demonstrates adequate skill level
0	Does not demonstrate minimum skill level

Skill 5: Scoring a touch down

A. SKILL – demonstration of skills in competitive situations will be assessed taking into account the combination of four elements of an action i.e. consistency, precision, fluency and control.

B. CONTEXT – game pressure, pace, skill and intensity of opponent and team mates, playing area, environmental conditions etc. may affect performance and should be taken into account when marking.

C. KEY SKILL COMPONENTS

Preparation

- Location of score line is identified
- Acceleration towards the score line
- Body leans forward in preparation to lower the body
- Knee and hip flexion lowers the body

Execution

- Arms and body stretch downwards reaching on or beyond the score line
- Ball is held securely in one or two hands

Completion/Outcome

- Downward pressure is applied to the ball once on or over the score line
- Balance is maintained throughout

Mark	Observable key skill components described in C: Preparation, Execution, Completion, and Outcome
6	Always demonstrates the observation points
5	Almost always demonstrates the observation points
4	Demonstrates reasonable skill level more than 50% of the time
3	Demonstrates adequate skill level approximately 50% of the time
2	Demonstrates adequate skill level less than 50% of the time
1	Rarely demonstrates adequate skill level
0	Does not demonstrate minimum skill level

SECTION TWO - Conditioned performance

A. SKILL – demonstration of skills in competitive situations will be assessed taking into account the combination of four elements of an action i.e. consistency, precision, fluency and control.

B. CONTEXT – game pressure, pace, skill and intensity of opponent and team mates, playing area, environmental conditions etc. may affect performance and should be taken into account when marking.

C. KEY SKILL COMPONENTS

Tactical problems	OFFENCE	DEFENCE
Use of space	 Runs to create options Creates and maintains space Blocks opposition to allow team mate to attack 	 Reads play and moves to man or zone defence Blocks attacking players Is ready to force turnover
Positioning	 Anticipates ball movement and moves to effective attacking position Blocks defensive players Creates and maintains space Creates attacking goal shooting options 	 Anticipates ball movement and moves to effective defensive position Blocks offensive players Moves quickly in turnovers
Execution	 Uses ball skills effectively Follows up to be involved in play 	 Uses ball skills effectively under pressure Follows up after passing or blocking
Decision making	 Creative use of skill Shows evidence of strategic thinking in attacking moves 	 Creative use of skill Shows evidence of strategic thinking in blocking attack
Mark	10	10
Total	20	

Mark	Observable key skill components described in C: Use of space, Positioning, Execution, and Decision-making
9–10	Always demonstrates skills at an exceptional level under pressure
7–8	Consistently demonstrates skills under pressure
5–6	Frequently demonstrates appropriate skills, but not as intense as (7-8)
3–4	Demonstrates adequate skill level
1–2	Demonstrates low level of skill
0	Does not demonstrate minimum skill level

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