



# PHYSICS ATAR COURSE YEAR 12 FORMULAE AND DATA BOOKLET 2019

Note: the variable t refers to the 'time taken', sometimes referred to as the 'change in time' or  $\Delta t$ .

# **Gravity and motion**

Average velocity  $v_{av} = \frac{S}{t}$ 

Equations of motion v = u + at  $s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$   $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$ 

p = mv

Force  $F_{net} = ma$ 

Weight force F = mg

Kinetic energy  $E_{\rm k} = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$ 

Gravitational potential energy  $E_p = m g \Delta h$ 

Work done  $W = F_S = \Delta E$ 

Equations of circular motion  $v = \frac{2\pi r}{T}$   $a_c = \frac{v^2}{r}$   $F_c = ma_c = \frac{mv^2}{r}$ 

Newton's law of universal  $F = G \frac{m_1 m_2}{r^2}$  gravitation

Kepler's 3rd law  $T^2 = \frac{4\pi^2}{GM} r^3$ 

Gravitational field strength  $g = G \frac{M}{r^2}$ 

Moment of a force  $\tau = r F \sin \theta$  (force at angle  $\theta$  to lever arm)

# Wave particle duality and the quantum theory

Wave period  $T = \frac{1}{f}$ 

Wave equation  $c = f\lambda$ 

Energy of photon E = hf

Energy transitions  $\Delta E = E_2 - E_1 = hf$ 

Photoelectric effect  $E_k = hf - W$ 

De Broglie wavelength  $\lambda = \frac{h}{p}$ 

## Electromagnetism

Coulomb's law 
$$F = \frac{1}{4\pi\varepsilon_0} \frac{q_1 q_2}{r^2}$$

Electric field strength 
$$E = \frac{F}{q} = \frac{V}{d}$$

Magnetic field strength 
$$B = \frac{\mu_0}{2\pi} \frac{I}{r}$$

Magnetic force on a 
$$F = q \ v \ B$$
 where  $v \perp B$  charged particle

Magnetic force on a 
$$F = I \ell B$$
 where  $\ell \perp B$  current-carrying conductor

Particle motion in a magnetic field 
$$r = \frac{m \ v}{q \ B}$$

Torque on a coil 
$$\tau = r F$$

Magnetic flux 
$$\Phi = B A_{\perp}$$

Electromagnetic induction induced emf: 
$$\mathcal{E} = \ell \ v \ B$$
 where  $v \perp B$ 

induced emf: 
$$\mathcal{E} = -N \frac{(\Phi_2 - \Phi_1)}{t} = -N \frac{\Delta \Phi}{t} = -N \frac{\Delta (B A_\perp)}{t}$$

AC generator emf<sub>max</sub>: 
$$\varepsilon_{\text{max}} = 2N\ell vB = 2\pi NBA_{\perp}f$$
  $\varepsilon_{\text{rms}} = \frac{\varepsilon_{\text{max}}}{\sqrt{2}}$ 

Ohm's law 
$$V = IR$$

Electric current 
$$I = \frac{q}{t}$$
 Work and energy  $W = Vq$ 

Ideal transformer turns ratio 
$$\frac{V_{\rm P}}{V_{\rm c}} = \frac{N_{\rm P}}{N_{\rm c}}$$
 Power  $P = VI$ 

# **Special relativity**

Relativistic effects 
$$\ell = \ell_0 \sqrt{\left(1-\frac{v^2}{c^2}\right)} \qquad \qquad t = \frac{t_0}{\sqrt{\left(1-\frac{v^2}{c^2}\right)}}$$

$$u = \frac{v + u'}{1 + \frac{v u'}{C^2}}$$

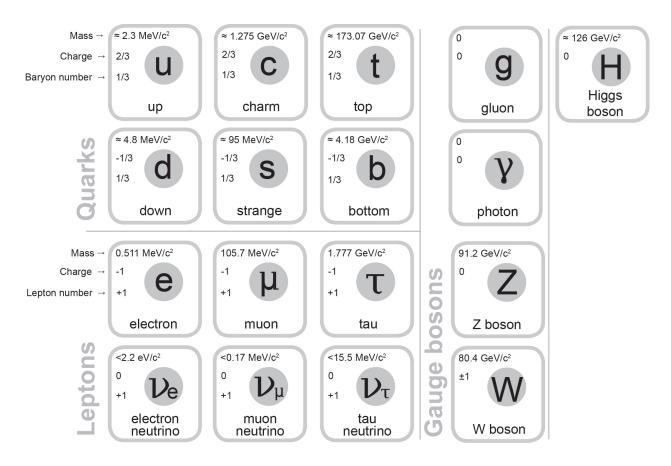
$$u' = \frac{u - v}{1 - \frac{v u}{C^2}}$$

Relativistic momentum 
$$p = \frac{m \ v}{\sqrt{\left(1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}\right)}}$$

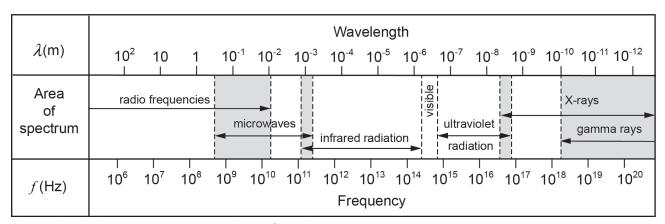
Mass-energy equivalence 
$$E = \underline{m \ c^2} \\ \sqrt{1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}}$$
 Rest energy 
$$E = m \ c^2$$

### The Standard Model

### Elementary particles



### **Electromagnetic spectrum**



Note: shaded areas represent regions of overlap.

### Physical data

Mean acceleration due to gravity on the Earth $g$	=	9.80 m s <sup>-2</sup>
Mean acceleration due to gravity on the Moon $g_{_{\mathrm{M}}}$	=	1.62 m s <sup>-2</sup>
Mean radius of the Earth $R_{\rm E}$	=	6.37 × 10 <sup>6</sup> m
Mass of the Earth $M_{\rm E}$	=	$5.97 \times 10^{24} \text{ kg}$
Mean radius of the Sun $R_{ m S}$	=	6.96 × 10 <sup>8</sup> m
Mass of the Sun $M_{\mathrm{S}}$	=	$1.99 \times 10^{30} \text{ kg}$
Mean radius of the Moon $R_{ m M}$	=	1.74 × 10 <sup>6</sup> m
Mass of the Moon $M_{ m M}$	=	$7.35 \times 10^{22} \text{ kg}$
Mean Earth-Moon distance	=	$3.84 \times 10^{8}  \text{m}$
Mean Earth-Sun distance	=	1.50 × 10 <sup>11</sup> m
Mass (at rest) of electron $m_{\rm e}$	=	$9.11 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$
Mass (at rest) of proton	=	1.67 × 10 <sup>-27</sup> kg
Tonne1 t	=	10³ kg

# **Physical constants**

Speed of light in vacuum or air	$= 3.00 \times 10^8 \mathrm{m \ s^{-1}}$
Electron chargee	$= -1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$
Planck constant	$= 6.63 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J s}$
Newtonian constant of gravitation $G$	= $6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ N m}^2 \text{ kg}^{-2}$
Electric constant $\mathcal{E}_0$	$= 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ F m}^{-1}$
Magnetic constant $\mu_0$	= $4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ N A}^{-2} = 1.26 \times 10^{-6} \text{ N A}^{-2}$

### Conversions

Electron volt	1.60 × 10 <sup>-19</sup> J
Light yearly =	$9.46 \times 10^{12}  \text{km}$
Megaparsec Mpc =	$3.09 \times 10^{19} \mathrm{km} = 3.26 \times 10^{6} \mathrm{ly}$

### Prefixes of the metric system

Factor	Prefix	Symbol	Factor	Prefix	Symbol
1012	tera	Т	10-3	milli	m
10 <sup>9</sup>	giga	G	10-6	micro	μ
10 <sup>6</sup>	mega	M	10-9	nano	n
10 <sup>3</sup>	kilo	k	10-12	pico	р

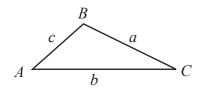
### **Mathematical expressions**

# **Quadratic equations**

Given 
$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$
,  $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$ 

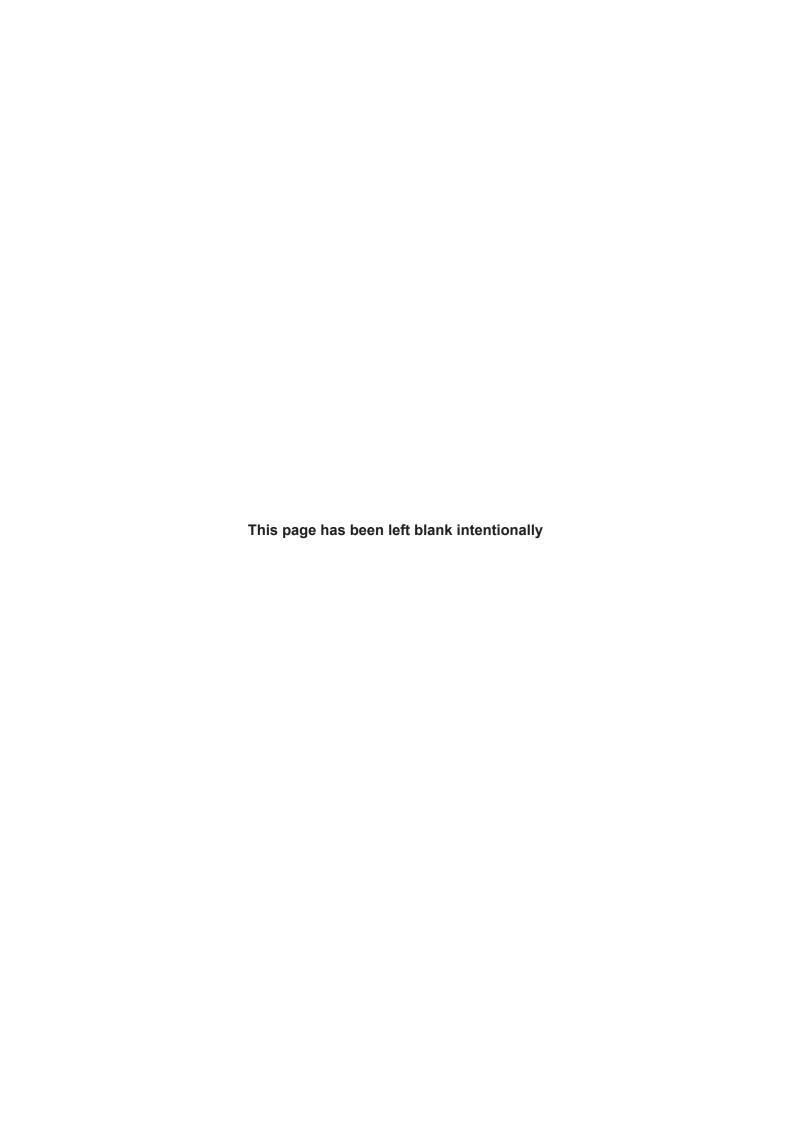
### **Triangles**

The following expressions apply to the triangle ABC as shown:



$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a = \sqrt{b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A}$$



### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

Elementary particles

Adapted from Standard Model image: MissMJ. (2006). *File:Standard Model of Elementary Particles.svg.* Retrieved June, 2016, from

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