



Government of **Western Australia**
School Curriculum and Standards Authority

PHYSICS

ATAR COURSE YEAR 11

FORMULAE AND DATA

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Motion, forces and energy

Displacement	$s = \Delta x = x_f - x_i$
Average velocity	$v = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t} = \frac{x_f - x_i}{t_f - t_i}$
Equations of motion	$a = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t} = \frac{v_f - v_i}{t_f - t_i}$ $v_f = v_i + a\Delta t$ $s = v_i\Delta t + \frac{1}{2}a\Delta t^2$ $v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2as$
Momentum	$p = mv$ $\Sigma mv_i = \Sigma mv_f$
Force	$\Sigma F = ma$
Change in momentum (impulse)	$\Delta p = mv_f - mv_i = F\Delta t$
Weight force	$F_{weight} = mg$
Friction	$F_f = \mu F_N$ where μ is the coefficient of static or kinetic friction

Mechanical and thermal energy

Kinetic energy	$E_k = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$
Gravitational potential energy	$E_p = mg\Delta h$
Conservation of energy	$\Sigma E_i = \Sigma E_f$
Elastic collisions	$\Sigma \frac{1}{2}mv_i^2 = \Sigma \frac{1}{2}mv_f^2$
Work done	$W = Fs$ $W = \Delta E$
Power	$P = \frac{W}{\Delta t} = \frac{\Delta E}{\Delta t}$
Change of temperature	$Q = mc\Delta T$
Change of state	$Q = mL$

Waves

Wave velocity	$v = f\lambda$
Period	$T = \frac{1}{f}$
Strings and open pipes	$\lambda = \frac{2\ell}{n}$ where $n =$ the number of the appropriate harmonic
Closed pipes	$\lambda = \frac{4\ell}{n}$ where $n =$ the number of the appropriate harmonic
Beat frequency	$f_{beat} = f_2 - f_1 $

Ionising radiation and nuclear reactions

Half-life	$N = N_0 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n$
Absorbed radiation dose	absorbed dose = $\frac{E}{m}$
Dose equivalent	dose equivalent = absorbed dose \times quality factor
Mass–energy relationship	$\Delta E = \Delta mc^2$

Electrical forces and energy

Work and energy	$\Delta V = \frac{W}{q}$
Electric current	$I = \frac{q}{\Delta t}$
Power	$P = \frac{W}{\Delta t} = VI$
Ohm's law	$R = \frac{V}{I}$
Resistance in series ($I = \text{constant}$)	$V_t = V_1 + V_2 + V_3 \dots$ $R_t = R_1 + R_2 + R_3 \dots$
Resistance in parallel ($V = \text{constant}$)	$I_t = I_1 + I_2 + I_3 \dots$ $\frac{1}{R_t} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} \dots$

Prefixes of the metric system

Factor	Prefix	Symbol	Factor	Prefix	Symbol
10^{12}	tera	T	10^{-3}	milli	m
10^9	giga	G	10^{-6}	micro	μ
10^6	mega	M	10^{-9}	nano	n
10^3	kilo	k	10^{-12}	pico	p

Physical constants

Speed of light in vacuum or air	$c = 3.00 \times 10^8 \text{ m s}^{-1}$
Electron charge	$e = -1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$
Electron volt.....	$1.00 \text{ eV} = 1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$
Unified atomic mass unit.....	$1.00 \text{ u} = 1.66 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$
Mass of electron	$m_e = 9.11 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$
Mass of proton	$m_p = 1.67 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$
Mass of neutron	$m_n = 1.67 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$
Mass of alpha particle	$m_\alpha = 6.64 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$
Mass–energy equivalent	$1.00 \text{ u} = 931 \text{ MeV}$
Tonne.....	$1.00 \text{ t} = 10^3 \text{ kg} = 10^6 \text{ g}$
Absolute zero.....	$0 \text{ K} = -273 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

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Physical data

Mean acceleration due to gravity on Earth.....	$g = 9.80 \text{ m s}^{-2}$
Specific heat capacity of water.....	$c_w = 4.18 \times 10^3 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ kg}^{-1}$
Specific heat capacity of ice.....	$c_i = 2.10 \times 10^3 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ kg}^{-1}$
Specific heat capacity of steam	$c_s = 2.00 \times 10^3 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ kg}^{-1}$
Latent heat of fusion for H ₂ O	$L_f = 3.34 \times 10^5 \text{ J kg}^{-1}$
Latent heat of vaporisation for H ₂ O	$L_v = 2.26 \times 10^6 \text{ J kg}^{-1}$
Speed of sound in air at 25 °C	$v_s = 346 \text{ m s}^{-1}$

Quality factors

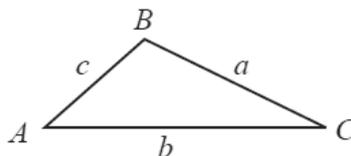
Approximate quality factor for alpha radiation	$QF_\alpha = 20$
Approximate quality factor for beta radiation	$QF_\beta = 1$
Approximate quality factor for gamma radiation ...	$QF_\gamma = 1$
Approximate quality factor for slow neutrons	$QF_{sn} = 3$
Approximate quality factor for fast neutrons	$QF_{fn} = 10$

Mathematical expressions**Quadratic equations**

Given $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$: $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$

Triangles

The following expressions apply to the triangle ABC as shown:



$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a = \sqrt{b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A}$$

