SAMPLE COURSE OUTLINE

JAPANESE: BACKGROUND LANGUAGE
ATAR YEAR 11

Acknowledgement of Country

Kaya. The School Curriculum and Standards Authority (the Authority) acknowledges that our offices are on Whadjuk Noongar boodjar and that we deliver our services on the country of many traditional custodians and language groups throughout Western Australia. The Authority acknowledges the traditional custodians throughout Western Australia and their continuing connection to land, waters and community. We offer our respect to Elders past and present.

Copyright

© School Curriculum and Standards Authority, 2024

This document – apart from any third-party copyright material contained in it – may be freely copied, or communicated on an intranet, for non-commercial purposes in educational institutions, provided that the School Curriculum and Standards Authority (the Authority) is acknowledged as the copyright owner, and that the Authority's moral rights are not infringed.

Copying or communication for any other purpose can be done only within the terms of the *Copyright Act 1968* or with prior written permission of the Authority. Copying or communication of any third-party copyright material can be done only within the terms of the *Copyright Act 1968* or with permission of the copyright owners.

Any content in this document that has been derived from the Australian Curriculum may be used under the terms of the <u>Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International licence</u>.

Disclaimer

Any resources such as texts, websites and so on that may be referred to in this document are provided as examples of resources that teachers can use to support their learning programs. Their inclusion does not imply that they are mandatory or that they are the only resources relevant to the course. Teachers must exercise their professional judgement as to the appropriateness of any they may wish to use.

Sample course outline

Japanese: Background Language – ATAR Year 11

Semester 1

Week	Key teaching points
	Introduction Overview of the Japanese: Background Language course and assessment requirements.
	Issue Provide opportunities for learning and assessment on the following issue:
	Young people and their relationships. Students consider their relationships with family, their connections with friends and the influence of international popular youth culture on young people.
	Perspectives Provide opportunities for learning and assessment on the issue 'Young people and their relationships' through the following perspectives:
	 Personal: Individual identity Community: Connections with Japanese-speaking communities locally, regionally and worldwide
	Global: Connections with the world as a global citizen.
1–7	Text and text types Provide opportunities for students to analyse and evaluate texts from linguistic perspectives and cultural perspectives, consider the relationships between linguistic and cultural perspectives, and create a range of texts of the following text types: article, conversation, description, journal entry, personal profile, recount, song.
	Linguistic resources Provide opportunities for students to: exchange information and experiences relating to an issue by presenting information to the class on a popular youth culture phenomenon identify information in texts by summarising key ideas presenting a general overview of the ideas apply their linguistic knowledge and understanding to locate information in a range of texts by applying a range of strategies including the use of dictionaries to determine the meaning of unknown words/kanji recognise key information in arguments and texts by summarising information from articles relating to one of the issues comparing and contrasting aspects of texts on similar topics and integrating these ideas into a cohesive response manipulate Japanese to build vocabulary and check grammar applying knowledge of the conventions of the writing system using sequencing strategies to develop ideas coherently and logically adapting linguistic features to compose an effective persuasive text compose texts for different contexts, purposes and audiences by varying the structure and format of texts.

Grammar

Students become familiar with, recognise and use the following grammatical items in conjunction with the content of the syllabuses:

- Plain forms
- Polite forms
- $\sim \tau$ form
 - ~て
 - ~て+ください
 - ~て+います
 - ~て+みます
- Finite form
 - Finite form+そうです
 - Finite form+つもりです
 - Finite form+時/間/前
 - Finite form+と言います
 - Finite form+と思います
 - Finite form+と思っています
- ∼ます base
 - Base+なさい
 - Base+たいです
 - Base+たいと思っています
- ~える/~られる Potential form
 - ~える/~られる
- Imperative forms
 - ~え/ろ
 - Finite form+な
- Particles
 - は
 - が
- Conjunctions (follow non-final verbs)
 - が
 - から
 - ので
- Affixes
 - suffix 的.

Intercultural understandings

Provide opportunities for students to further their linguistic and intercultural competence and reflect on the ways in which culture influences communication, such as:

- the role of family and friends in the Japanese-speaking communities and in the wider Australian community
- individual identity within the family and friendship groups
- family expectations
- the nature of language, culture and identity.

Language learning and communication strategies

Provide opportunities for students to practise the following strategies through the issues and perspectives:

- maintaining conversation and organising spoken discourse
- manipulating Japanese to communicate ideas and information effectively
- using textual cues and understanding of text structure to interpret meaning
- summarising and synthesising information and ideas from texts.

Week	Key teaching points
	Dictionaries Develop strategies to facilitate use of monolingual and bilingual dictionaries.
	Assessment Task 1: Interacting in Japanese
	Issue Provide opportunities for learning and assessment on the following issue:
	Traditions and values in contemporary society. Students consider how the traditions and values of Japanese-speaking communities are maintained in multicultural environments and in a changing society.
	Perspectives Provide opportunities for learning and assessment on the issue 'Traditions and values in contemporary society' through the following perspectives: Personal: Individual identity Community: Connections with Japanese-speaking communities locally, regionally and worldwide Global: Connections with the world as a global citizen.
	Text and text types Provides opportunities for students to analyse and evaluate texts from linguistic perspectives and cultural perspectives, consider the relationships between linguistic and cultural perspectives and create a range of texts of the following text types: announcement, article, blog posting, film or TV program (excerpts), poem, short story.
8–15	Linguistic resources Provide opportunities for students to: exchange information and experiences relating to an issue by sustaining interactions by asking for and providing details on a variety of significant events, milestones and special occasions describing how a Japanese cultural tradition is celebrated in Australia communicate in a range of contexts for specific purposes and audiences by debating a topic relating to one of the issues from a youth podcast apply their linguistic knowledge and understanding to locate information in a range of texts by using textual cues and the understanding of text structure to interpret meaning lidentify ideas, tone, points of view, values, attitudes and emotions from features of language in texts by explaining how language devices are used in a text to evoke emotions comparing the way in which ideas and values are represented in texts respond personally or critically to texts or groups of texts by evaluating three texts from both a personal and a critical point of view to determine an order of success and justifying the decision understand the ways in which diverse texts can represent aspects of culture and notions of identity by identifying cultural references or bias in texts analysing the ways in which language and texts reflect and influence values and attitudes reflect on own and others' values, beliefs, practices and ideas expressed in texts by reflecting on and discussing diverse ideas, viewpoints and practices to deepen understanding of self and others manipulate Japanese to communicate effectively by using resources to build vocabulary and check grammar applying a range of vocabulary and grammatical structures understand how texts are structured by applying the principles of text structure when composing coherent and logical texts analysing the structure of a text

Week	Key teaching points
	 compose texts for different contexts, purposes and audiences by adapting a fairytale or myth for a chosen audience and commenting on the nature of any shift in the values represented structuring a set of ideas to create an effective argument reworking an article for a primary school audience using ICT to adapt a text.
	Grammar
	Students become familiar with, recognise and use the following grammatical items in conjunction with the content of the syllabuses:
	~て form~て+しまいます
	■ ~て+はいけません
	■ ~て+もいいです
	■ ~ て + も
	■ ~て+から • Finite form
	• Finite form+より
	■ Finite form+かもしれません
	■ Finite form+でしょう
	■ Finite form+ため
	● ~ます base ■ Base+かた
	■ Base+にくいです
	■ Base+やすいです
	■ Base+ C
	■ Base+ながら
	● ~おう/よう Volitional form ■ ~おう/よう+と思う
	• Negation
	ではない
	● ~のではない
	● Particles ■ ∅
	- v) - に
	1 ^
	Conjunctions (follow non-final verbs)
	■ のに • Affixes
	■ suffix さ
	■ suffix 化.
	Intercultural understandings
	Provide opportunities for students to further their linguistic and intercultural competence and
	reflect on the ways in which culture influences communication, such as:
	core values of Japanese culture rele of community in Japanese culture
	 role of community in Japanese culture traditions and celebrations in Japan
	 adoption of Japanese celebrations and festivals in western communities.

Week	Key teaching points
	Language learning and communication strategies Provide opportunities for students to practise the following strategies through the issues and perspectives: organising and structuring text and developing ideas coherently and logically manipulating Japanese to communicate effectively in a range of contexts analysing the way culture and identity are expressed through language varying vocabulary and grammatical structures for emphasis and interest interpreting social situations and applying knowledge of sociolinguistic conventions to select appropriate language.
	Dictionaries Develop strategies to facilitate use of monolingual and bilingual dictionaries. Assessment Task 2: Processing and responding Assessment Task 3: Composing texts in Japanese
16	Assessment Task 4 (a): Practical (oral) examination Assessment Task 4 (b): Written examination

Sample course outline

Japanese: Background Language – ATAR Year 11

Semester 2

Week	Key teaching points
	Provide opportunities for learning and assessment on the following issue: The nature of work. Students consider the opportunities afforded bilingual students in Australian and Japanese contexts, and how advances in communication technologies and changes in expectations and aspirations affect future study and employment. Perspectives Provide opportunities for learning and assessment on the issue 'The nature of work' through the following perspectives: Personal: Individual identity Community: Connections with Japanese-speaking communities locally, regionally and worldwide
	 Global: Connections with the world as a global citizen. Text and text types Provides opportunities for students to analyse and evaluate texts from linguistic perspectives and cultural perspectives, consider the relationships between linguistic and cultural perspectives and create a range of texts of the following text types: advertisement, application, interview, letter, novel or play (extracts), report.
1–10	 Linguistic resources Provide opportunities for students to: identify information in texts by responding to questions relating to the content of a text recognise key information in arguments and texts by identifying the main points in an argument for the purposes of rebuttal use information and ideas from texts to create new textual forms by synthesising information from multiple sources to compose meaningful and purposeful texts responding to information in a range of stimulus texts to complete a task, address an issue or solve a problem identify ideas, tone, points of view, values, attitudes and emotions from features of language in texts by identifying the tone of a text and explaining how this is achieved reflect on own and others' values, beliefs, practices and ideas expressed in texts by understanding the use of authentic language, such as idioms and colloquialism. Grammar Students become familiar with recognics and use the following grammatical items in
	Students become familiar with, recognise and use the following grammatical items in conjunction with the content of the syllabuses:

Week	Key teaching points
	Noun+らしい Adjective+らしい Finite form+みたい Noun+みたい Finite form+ようです Noun+のようです ・ ~ます base Base+そうです Negation
	■ の ■ こと.
	 Intercultural understandings Provide opportunities for students to further their linguistic and intercultural competence and reflect on the ways in which culture influences communication, such as: the role of technology in education and the workforce how changes in expectations and aspirations affect future study and employment status of different jobs and professions – Japanese versus western perspectives (including changes in what Japanese consider the 'ideal' professions).
	Language learning and communication strategies Provide opportunities for students to practise the following strategies through the issues and perspectives: organising and structuring text and developing ideas coherently and logically manipulating Japanese to communicate effectively in a range of contexts analysing the way culture and identity are expressed through language analysing ways in which language and texts reflect and influence values and behaviours varying vocabulary and grammatical structures for emphasis and interest varying the structure and format of texts appropriate to context, purpose and audience
	 summarising and synthesising information from a variety of texts. Dictionaries
	Develop strategies to facilitate use of monolingual and bilingual dictionaries.
	Assessment Task 5: Interacting in Japanese Assessment Task 6: Processing and responding
	Issue Provide opportunities for learning and assessment on the following issue: The individual as a global citizen. Students consider the notion of 'global citizen' and how this concept affects notions of environment, migration and technology, and the impact of global events and trends on the individual in Australia and elsewhere.

Week	Key teaching points
	Perspectives Provide opportunities for learning and assessment on the issue 'The individual as a global citizen' through the following perspectives: Personal: Individual identity Community: Connections with Japanese-speaking communities locally, regionally and worldwide Global: Connections with the world as a global citizen.
	Text and text types Provides opportunities for students to analyse and evaluate texts from linguistic perspectives and cultural perspectives, consider the relationships between linguistic and cultural perspectives and create a range of texts of the following text types: article, blog post, conversation.
	 Linguistic resources Provide opportunities for students to: express personal views, and justify and reflect on ideas and opinions relating to an issue by reflecting on opinions and ideas in a text relating to an issue from a radio broadcast understand how texts are structured by understanding how context and audience affect language choice.
11–15	Grammar Students become familiar with, recognise and use the following grammatical items in conjunction with the content of the syllabus: た、~たら、~たり forms ~た+ほうがいいです ~た+ことがあります ~た+るで ~たり~たり ~たら。
	Intercultural understandings Provide opportunities for students to further their linguistic and intercultural competence and reflect on the ways in which culture influences communication, such as: • the impact of globalisation on Japan and its environment • how technology plays a role in the notion of 'global citizen' • the impact of globalisation on migration and labour movement.
	Language learning and communication strategies Provide opportunities for students to practise the following strategies through the issues and perspectives: organising and structuring text and developing ideas coherently and logically manipulating Japanese to communicate effectively in a range of contexts varying vocabulary and grammatical structures for emphasis and interest maintaining communication, e.g. asking for clarification or additional information.
	Dictionaries Develop strategies to facilitate use of monolingual and bilingual dictionaries.
	Assessment Task 7: Composing texts in Japanese
16	Assessment Task 8 (a): Practical (oral) examination Assessment Task 8 (b): Written examination