SAMPLE COURSE OUTLINE

FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
GENERAL YEAR 11

Acknowledgement of Country

Kaya. The School Curriculum and Standards Authority (the Authority) acknowledges that our offices are on Whadjuk Noongar boodjar and that we deliver our services on the country of many traditional custodians and language groups throughout Western Australia. The Authority acknowledges the traditional custodians throughout Western Australia and their continuing connection to land, waters and community. We offer our respect to Elders past and present.

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Any resources such as texts, websites and so on that may be referred to in this document are provided as examples of resources that teachers can use to support their learning programs. Their inclusion does not imply that they are mandatory or that they are the only resources relevant to the course. Teachers must exercise their professional judgement as to the appropriateness of any they may wish to use.

Sample course outline

Food Science and Technology – General Year 11

Unit 1 – Food choices and health and Unit 2 – Food for communities

Semester 1

Week	Syllabus content
1–2	Laws and regulatory codes workplace regulations for safety and health: protective clothing and footwear personal hygiene mergency procedures. safe food handling practices: safe storage of raw and processed foods prevention of cross contamination clean equipment. Food products and processing systems produce food products using raw and processed foods: select and safely use appropriate equipment, such as knives and hot surfaces demonstrate mise-en-place and precision cutting skills
	 demonstrate safe food handling practices. Food as a commodity classification of food:
3–4	 animal plant raw processed.
	 Food products and processing systems investigate a raw and a processed food product: use nutrition cost shelf life. devise food products using raw and processed foods: cost recipes.
	Task 1: Test – Preparation practices Properties of food
5–6	 sensory properties that influence selection and use of raw and processed food: appearance texture aroma flavour sound.

Week	Syllabus content
	 physical properties that influence selection and use of raw and processed food: size shape colour volume viscosity. effects of processing techniques on sensory and physical properties of food: change in appearance change in texture change in flavour. Food products and processing systems evaluate food products developed from raw and processed foods:
	 sensory properties.
7–8	Food as a commodity economic and environmental considerations when purchasing locally produced commodities: food availability cost food miles' packaging waste. Food issues environmental issues that arise from food and lifestyle choices: food availability food miles' packaging recycling and waste.
	Food products and processing systems
	 devise food products using raw and processed foods: organise food orders and production plans. produce food products using raw and processed foods: demonstrate teamwork skills, such as communication and collaboration present safe, quality, palatable food. evaluate food products developed from raw and processed foods: the effectiveness of skills, practices or processes use of relevant terminology.
	Task 2: Celebrate local foods

Week	Syllabus content
9–10	Nutrition • food sources and functions of nutrients and water in the body: • protein • carbohydrates • vitamins • minerals • lipids. • importance of a balanced diet and the consumption of a wide variety of foods for health. Food products and processing systems • devise food products using raw and processed foods: • adapt recipes to suit a purpose.
11–12	Food issues • factors that influence food choices: • cost • food availability • family characteristics • peer group • nutritional value. Nutrition • use of food selection models and guides to evaluate diets: • Healthy Eating Pyramid (Nutrition Australia May 2015) • The Australian Guide to Healthy Eating • Australian Dietary Guidelines. Food products and processing systems • devise food products using raw and processed foods: • interpret recipes. Task 3: Food choices
13–14	Nutrition In nutritional requirements of adolescents: In protein In calcium In iron. Food products and processing systems In devise food products using raw and processed foods: In adapt recipes to suit a purpose. In produce food products using raw and processed foods: In measure ingredients using Australian Standard metric measurement In demonstrate various methods of cooking.

Week	Syllabus content
	Laws and regulatory codes
	 Australian food labelling requirements: nutrition information panel percentage labelling food identification information for food allergies or intolerances date marking ingredient list labels must tell the truth food additives directions for use and storage legibility requirements country of origin nutrition and health claims.
15–16	 influences on adolescent food choices: use of celebrities, media practices, including music, body image, colour, fonts and graphics, and food styling techniques to market food products advertising marketing. Task 4: A food advertisement

Semester 2

Week	Syllabus content
1	 Food as a commodity staple food commodities readily available in Australia. factors that affect the supply of staple food: food availability cost climate or seasons natural disasters.
	Food products and processing systems investigate staple food products: use nutrition cost shelf life.
2–3	Food as a commodity primary and secondary processes used to convert raw commodities into safe, quality food products. Properties of food sensory properties that influence selection and use of staple food: appearance texture aroma flavour sound. physical properties that influence selection and use of staple food: size shape colour volume viscosity. Task 5: Staple food commodities
4–5	Properties of food the effect of processing techniques on the sensory and physical properties of food: dry processing techniques. Food products and processing systems produce food products using staple foods: measure ingredients using Australian Standard metric measurement demonstrate safe food handling practices demonstrate dry processing techniques. evaluate food products developed from staple foods: product's sensory properties.

Week	Syllabus content
	Task 6: The big bake-off
6–7	 Properties of food the effect of processing techniques on the sensory and physical properties of food: wet processing techniques. Food products and processing systems produce food products using staple foods: select and safely use appropriate equipment demonstrate mise-en-place and precision cutting skills demonstrate wet processing techniques. evaluate food products developed from staple foods: effective use of skills, practices or processes.
8	Nutrition • food sources and role of macronutrients and water for health: • protein: complete and incomplete • carbohydrates: starches, sugars, and fibre or cellulose • lipids: saturated fats and oils, and unsaturated fats and oils. • macronutrient requirements depending on age and lifestyle: • protein • carbohydrates • lipids.
9–10	• health issues that arise from food choices: • malnutrition • underweight • overweight • allergies • intolerances. Nutrition • nutrition-related health conditions and the need for specialised diets: • coeliac • lactose intolerance. • use of the Australian Dietary Guidelines to evaluate food choices. Food products and processing systems • devise food products using staple foods: • adapt recipes to suit a purpose. Task 7: Test – Health issues

Week	Syllabus content
11	Properties of food
	 the effect of processing techniques on the sensory and physical properties of food: microwave cooking.
	Food products and processing systems
	 produce food products using staple foods: demonstrate microwave cooking. evaluate food products developed from staple foods: product's sensory properties.
	Food products and processing systems
	 devise food products using staple foods: cost recipes. produce food products using staple foods: present safe, quality, palatable food. evaluate food products developed from staple foods: use of relevant terminology.
	Laws and regulatory codes
12–13	 Australian food labelling requirements: nutrition information panel percentage labelling food identification information for food allergies or intolerances date marking ingredient list labels must tell the truth food additives directions for use and storage legibility requirements country of origin nutrition and health claims. Task 8: A healthy food product
	Food issues
	 ethical influences on food choices, such as animal welfare, fair trade, resource use and country of origin.
14	Nutrition
14	 reasons for vegetarian or vegan diets: health ethical values cultural economic cost.

Week	Syllabus content
	Laws and regulatory codes
	workplace regulations for safety and health:
	protective clothing and footwear
	signage for procedures and hazards
	 safe posture, including lifting, bending and standing
	emergency procedures.
	safe food handling practices:
	 safe storage and thawing of raw and processed foods
	 prevention of cross contamination
15–16	 clean equipment and work surfaces.
15–10	Food products and processing systems
	devise food products using staple foods:
	■ interpret recipes
	organise food orders and production plans.
	produce food products using staple foods:
	demonstrate teamwork skills, such as planning and problem solving
	present safe, quality, palatable food.
	evaluate food products developed from staple foods:
	effective use of skills, practices or processes
	use of relevant terminology.