**Sample Course Outline**

Media Production and Analysis

General Year 12

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Sample course outline

Media Production and Analysis – General Year 12

Unit 3 and Unit 4

Semester 1 – Unit 3 – Entertainment

Note: This sample outline contains some tasks that overlap other task timeframes. This is to model the nature of the delivery of MPA in some schools running concurrent assessments, such as one response task and a production task at the same time. Adjust timeframes to suit your school’s unique timeframes and resources.

| **Week** | **Key teaching points** | **Resources** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 1–3 | * MPA course overview and introduction to **Entertainment** * Introduce filmic codes and conventions and technologies of feature films and short films * Introduce local, national and international feature film and short film production contexts * Introduce key terminology used for film * Analyse a range of short films including local, national  (e.g. *Tropfest* and internationally made short films, including Hollywood and independently made short films   **Task 1: Respond to short film in the context of Media languages**   * The essay criteria should cover any of the syllabus content from **Media languages**. It does not need to include all teaching points * Hand out **Task 1:** Response task sheet and marking key * Look at example essay for task * View and analyse short film/s made in Western Australia, in the context of: * how different viewing, listening and interacting contexts influence audience responses to media work * features of commercial and non-commercial media * terminology, technologies and characteristics of specific media * characteristics of media work designed to entertain * narrative and genre conventions in entertainment media * genre recognition and audience expectations * codes and conventions that position the audience and construct meaning * Model examples of good practice regarding note taking and keeping a list of resources for the bibliography * Discuss strategies regarding planning and drafting the response * Monitor student progress and provide feedback, final response to be completed in student’s own time   **Week 3: Task 1 due** | * Syllabus * Course outline * Assessment outline * Assessment tasks   **Task 1: Response**   * Response task sheet and marking key * Teacher-generated example essay for response task (or student sample from previous year) * Teacher-generated writing template for response task * Samples of short films, local (such as student made films – school based, North Metro TAFE or university and other), national (such as *Tropfest),* and international short films |
| 4–10 | **Task 2: Produce a short film for a local audience**   * Workshop for script writing * Workshop for storyboarding. This may be hand drawn or using a storyboarding program * Discuss criteria of **Task 2:** Production of a short film for a local audience | **Task 2: Production**   * Short film task and marking key * Short film script example/s * Storyboard of short film example/s |
| 4–10 | * Complete concept draft/s, script/s, storyboards/s, monitoring student progress. Ensure feedback is given and encourage changes to ensure the criteria of the task are being addressed * Ensure the production journal is kept up-to-date and includes: * applying team skills, including active listening, making decisions, goal setting, time management and fulfillment of individual production responsibilities * periodic and end-point reflections of the production process, evaluating strengths and weaknesses * a description of how safe procedures have been applied when using technologies and resources * provide guided scaffolding in this process, such as focus questions, the use of self-evaluation graphs, templates and worksheets * Finalise production in an appropriate format and submit by the due date with production journal * Students should be mindful of the marketing campaign task in Week 10 based on this film. It may be useful to take high quality production stills that may be used for promotional print materials for their marketing campaign, and cataloguing suitable video footage to be used in a film trailer   **Week 10: Task 2 due** | * Samples of local short films, local (such as student made films – school-based, TAFE or university and other) * Self-evaluation templates and worksheets * Optional – storyboarding computer software or tablet applications, alternatively there may be this facility within the school’s existing video editing software, such as Adobe® Premiere Pro® * Resource examples: AV recording devices – digital camcorder, tripods and dollies, storage media, batteries, lighting kits, chroma screen, editing software and computers * Student production journals |
| 5–7 | **Task 3: Respond to film in the context of Production**   * Hand out **Task 3:** Response task sheet and marking key * The essay criteria should cover any of the syllabus content from **Production**. It does not need to include all the teaching points * Look at example essay for task: * view, analyse, compare and contrast commercial (such as Hollywood blockbuster) film with non-commercial  (such as independent) film * analyse these film examples, in the context of: * budgets * production costs * targeting mainstream audiences * marketing strategies to promote the films, including print and film trailers * film classification * controls and constraints in commercial and  non-commercial entertainment media production * impact of changes in technology on film production. * students plan, research and draft the response * Monitor student progress and provide feedback, final response to be completed out-of-class   **Week 7: Task 3 due** | **Task 3: Response**   * Response task sheet and marking key * Teacher-generated example essay for response task (or student sample from previous year) * Media production resources:   Australian Classification Board  [www.classification.gov.au](http://www.classification.gov.au) |
| 8–13 | **Task 4: Produce a marketing campaign for the short film created in Task 2, for a local audience**   * This must include at least one print promotion (such as a single film poster or a series of film posters, or a series of ‘café postcards’). * Hand out **Task 4:** Production task sheet and marking key * Explore a range of print film marketing for different audiences. Analyse the way the codes and conventions are shaped by the audience and exhibition requirements (for example, audiences have a greater exposure time to a film poster at a bus stop than a billboard on the side of the road (relatively smaller engagement as the passenger drives past the poster), therefore the text is shaped differently in both instances. Consequently they position the audience and construct meaning in conventional ways) * Explore a number of film trailers, focusing on narrative structure, codes and conventions * Compare the production context of short film marketing and their own (student) production context * Making links between entertainment media work and their production context * Workshop codes and conventions specific to film trailers, such as authoritative voice over, length, aspects of genre and the way narrative is revealed to encourage audiences to engage with the trailer * Development and application of production skills in terms of: * cataloguing and sorting of images and footage from the film production for this marketing task * collecting, interpreting and communicating information within given contexts * awareness of safety when using technologies and resources * applying team skills, specific role responsibilities and setting timelines. * Complete draft/s, monitoring student progress. Ensure feedback is given and encourage changes to ensure the criteria of the task are being addressed * Ensure the production journal is kept up-to-date and includes: * application of team skills (including active listening, making decisions, goal setting, time management and fulfillment of individual production responsibilities) * periodic and end-point reflections of the production process, evaluating strengths and weaknesses. * Finalise production in an appropriate format and submit by the due date with production journal   **Week 13: Task 4 due** | **Task 4: Production**   * Production task sheet and marking key * Sample marketing campaigns for analysis * Resource examples: AV recording devices – digital camcorder, tripods and dollies, storage media, batteries, lighting kits, chroma screen, editing software and computers, production journals * Colour printer |
| 9–12 | Analysis ofmainstream commercial films in the context of **Audience** and **Representation**   * View and analyse mainstream commercial feature and/or short film in the context of: * why the media use stereotypical representations * the social influence of stars and celebrities in popular media * how the purpose and context of the media work influence audience response * how values are depicted in entertainment media through genre and representations * identifying subcultures based on cultural background, experiences, interests and occupation * trends in entertainment media genres * impact of technologies on audience reach and media use * impact of changes in technology on media work   **Content to be tested in the externally set task.** |  |
| 14–15 | **School examination fortnight**  **Task 5: Externally set task (EST)**   * Students to complete task (unseen) under test conditions, as stipulated by the School Curriculum and Standards Authority (the Authority). Questions to be based on content from  Unit 3 | Copies of sample externally set task |

Semester 2 – Unit 4 – Representation and reality

Note: Some tasks overlap other task timeframes. This is to model the nature of the delivery of MPA in many schools running concurrent assessments, such as one response task and a production task at the same time. Adjust timeframes to suit your school’s unique timeframes and resources.

| **Week** | **Key teaching points** | **Resources** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 1–3 | * MPA course overview and introduction to **Representation and reality**, the codes and conventions of reality TV programs and stereotypes, media codes and conventions of television production and reality TV production.   **Task 6: Respond to reality TV programs in the context of Media languages and Representation**   * Hand out **Task 6:** Response task sheet and marking key. The response criteria should cover any of the syllabus content from sections **Media languages and/or Representation**. It does not need to include all teaching points analysed * Look at example response for task. As a class, view and analyse reality TV episodes and/or segments in the context of: * characteristics of reality TV in different times and contexts, including – the trends in reality TV production and the comparison of Australian programs to overseas programs * codes and conventions used to construct realism * narrative and genre and sub-genre conventions used in reality TV programs to construct representations. * representations of people (including stereotypes, celebrities, and the ordinary person) in reality TV programs * the representation of sub-cultures in reality TV programs, such as in reality programs shedding light on specific cultures and lifestyles, such as Irish and British Gypsy Travellers in *My Big Fat Gypsy Wedding* * connotations associated with stereotypes and celebrities seen in reality TV programs * Plan, research and draft the response * Monitor student progress and provide feedback, final response to be completed in students’ own time   **Week 3: Task 6 due** | * Syllabus * Course outline * Assessment outline * Course outline   **Task 6: Response**   * Task sheet and marking key * Example for response task (teacher-generated or sample from prior student) * Samples of reality TV programs and or segments for analysis that demonstrate a range of subgenres: * **documentary style or docu-series**,  e.g. **soap-opera**, such as *The only way is Essex*; **celebrity**, such as *Keeping up with the Kardashians*; **professional activities** such as *Bondi Vet*; **lifestyle or  sub-culture** such as *My Big Fat Gypsy Wedding*; **court show**, such as *Judge Judy*; **law enforcement documentaries**,such as *Border Security* * **competition/elimination**,  e.g. *Big Brother, Dancing with the Stars, Survivor*; **talent contests** such as *Australian Idol, So You Think You Can Dance*; **job-search** such as *America’s Next Top Model, Masterchef*; **sports**, such as *The Club* (based on AFL) * **dating programs**, such as   *The Bachelor, Beauty and the Geek*   * **hidden camera/amateur content**, such as *Australia’s Funniest Home Videos, Gogglebox* * **self-improvement/makeover/ renovation**, such as *Supernanny,  The Biggest Loser, Snog Marry Avoid?*   *Pimp my Ride, Rick’s Restorations,  The Block*   * **supernatural**   *Ghost Hunters*   * **travel/aspirational**   *Jamie’s Great Italian Escape*  <http://edictive.com/blog/reality-television-seven-reality-show-types/>  Please note: there is no official list of reality TV sub-genre types, it is subjective in nature. |

| **Week** | **Key teaching points** | **Resources** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 2–6 | **Task 7: Production of a reality TV show segment that includes at least one stereotypical character**   * Hand out **Task 7:** Production task sheet and marking key Hand out **Task 9:** Production of a marketing campaign,and explain how filmed scenes will be used for both tasks, and separate high resolution stills will be also used for Task 9 * Analyse examples of how production stills have been worked into marketing campaigns * Analyse reality television program segment example/s * Analyse a range of stereotypes identified in the example/s * Collecting, interpreting and communicating information within given contexts * Workshop for script writing and storyboarding of a reality TV program segment. Deconstruct storyboard and scripting example. * Teach production codes and conventions specific to reality television programs, such as evictions, use of publicly unknown cast members, segments (such as the use of ‘catch up clips’ with voice over, evictions and time as a major conflict in DIY renovation reality shows, the use of ‘diary room’ confessions and evictions in *Big Brother* type programs). * Complete concept draft/s, script/s, storyboard/s, monitoring student progress. Ensure feedback is given and encourage changes to ensure the criteria of the task are being addressed * Ensure the production journal is kept up-to-date and includes: * applying team skills, including active listening, making decisions, goal setting, time management and fulfillment of individual production responsibilities * periodic and end-point reflections of the production process, evaluating strengths and weaknesses * a description of how safe procedures have been applied when using technologies and resources * provide guided scaffolding in this process, such as focus questions, the use of self-evaluation graphs, templates and worksheets. * Finalise production in an appropriate format and submit by the due date with production journal. * Students should be mindful of production Task 9, the promotion of this task. The filming (including photographic stills) should include suitable shots, footage and stills to complete Task 9. * Maintain production journal throughout the production process, ensuring that there are strong examples demonstrating the task criteria, particularly in demonstrating the individual production roles, evaluating strengths and weaknesses in the production process. * Monitor student progress and provide regular feedback.   **Week 6: Task 7 due** | **Task 7: Production**   * Task sheets for both  Task 7 and Task 9, and marking keys * Reality television program segment examples (such as the opening segment, or the segment between commercial breaks) * Storyboard example/s * Scripting example/s * Self-evaluation templates and worksheets * Optional – storyboarding computer software or tablet applications, alternatively there may be this facility within the school’s existing video editing software, such as Adobe *Premiere Pro* * Audio recording devices, AV recording devices – digital still camera (such as DSLR), camcorders, tripods and dollies, storage media, batteries, lighting kits, editing software and computers, production journals * Set construction, such as a ‘diary room’ in *Big Brother* |
| 7–9 | **Task 8: Respond to reality TV programs and their marketing campaigns in the context of Audience**   * This is to be in the form of an invigilated in-class essay. * Students may use a page summary of notes taken during the class study for the invigilated response writing. * Hand out **Task 6:** Response task sheet and marking key. The essay criteria should cover any of the syllabus content from sections **Media languages** and/or **Representation**. It does not need to include all teaching points. * Look at example essay for task. View and analyse reality TV episodes and/or segments in the context of: * audiences’ preferences and expectations of specific media * how different viewing, listening and interacting contexts influence responses media work * connecting values in media work to audience values * values and attitudes of subcultural groups * impact of new media on use and production * marketing strategies to create a point of view   **Week 9: Complete Task 8 under invigilated conditions**  Students may use a page of summary notes, based on notes taken during the class study. | **Task 8: Response**   * Task sheets and marking keys * Reality television program examples and associated marketing media for those shows (such as websites, TV commercials, magazine advertisements) * Example essay for response task (teacher-generated or sample from prior student) |
| 10–12 | **Task 9: Produce a marketing campaign based on reality TV program (segment) produced in Task 7, that targets an identified audience**   * The promotion must include astereotypical character from that production and the campaign must include a print advertisement. * Revise **Task 9:** Production and marking key * Discuss the criteria of the task * Discuss the importance of keeping the production journal up-to-date to ensure they are able to reflect and justify the selection of images and footage from the  Task 7 production * Complete plans, storyboard and script, filming and editing and production journal reflections * Class to view and evaluate the final outcome in their journals, based on teacher-generated key questions.   **Week 12: Task 9 due** | **Task 9: Production**   * Task sheets and marking keys * Reality television program examples and associated marketing media for those shows (such as websites, TV commercials, magazine advertisements) * Storyboard example/s * Scripting example/s * Storyboard templates * Journal questions * Footage and photographic stills from Task 7 and access to editing project from Task 7 * Audio recording devices, AV recording devices – digital still camera (such as DSLR), camcorders, tripods and dollies, storage media, batteries, lighting kits, editing software and computers, production journals |
| 13–14 | **Task 10: Response to reality TV programs in the context of Production**   * Hand out **Task 9:** Response task and marking key * Look at example essay for task * As a class, analyse reality TV, in the context of: * comparing commercial and non-commercial television media in terms of: production types (identification of reality TV as commercial) and sources of revenue * revise marketing strategies to create a point of view * linking the production and social context to media work * controls and constraints in commercial and  non-commercial television production * controls and constraints in reality TV production * audiences’ values impacting content * Plan, research and draft for response * Monitor student progress and provide feedback on draft work   **Week 14: Complete Task 10 under invigilated conditions** | **Task 10: Response**   * Example essay for response task (teacher-generated or sample from prior student) * Examples of commercial and non-commercial media |
| 15 | **School examination week** | |